

Ὅσοι ἄνθρωποι, τοσαῦται γινώμται

Harmonizing Guidelines for Handwritten Text Recognition of Ancient Greek

DH2025, Lisbon, July 14-18<sup>th</sup>, 2025

# HTR for Byzantine manuscripts

Recognising Ioannes Chrysostomus,  
Maximus Planudes, and Cyril of Alexandria

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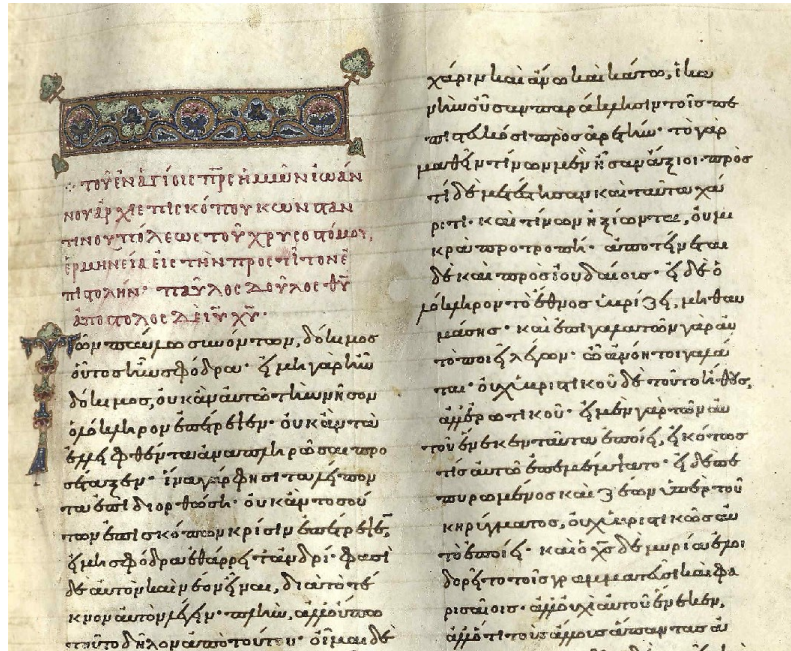
Democritus University of Thrace



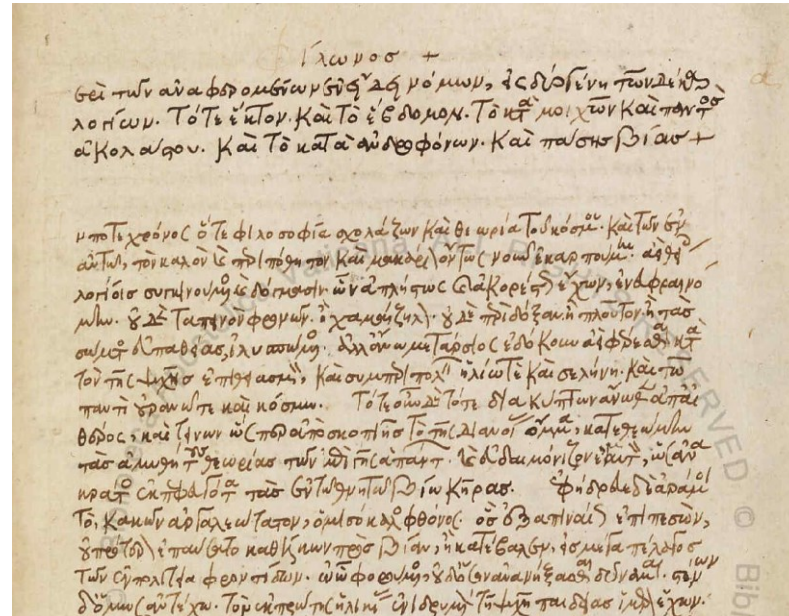
This project is carried out within the framework of the National Recovery and Resilience Plan Greece 2.0, funded by the European Union – NextGenerationEU (Implementation body: HFRI).  
Duration: 01/01/2024 – 31/12/2025



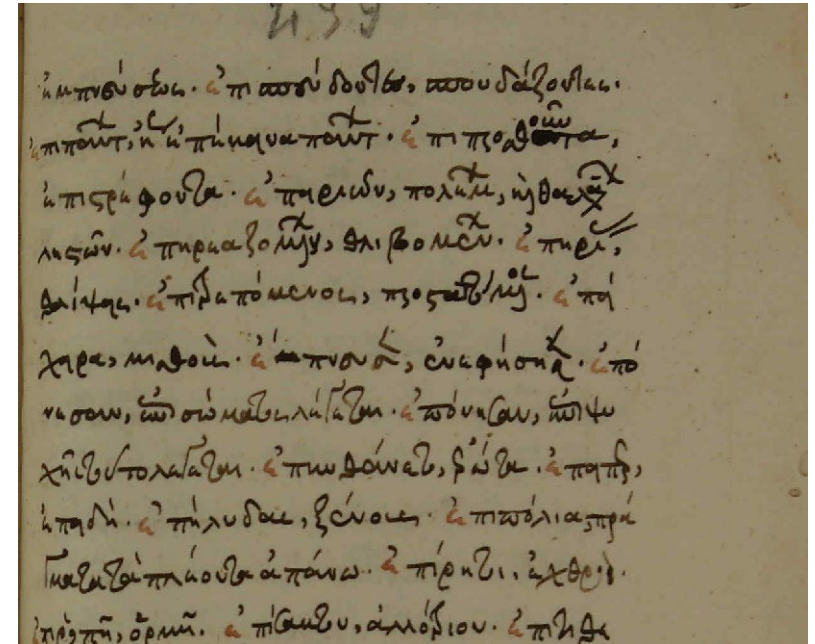
# What went wrong (and right)



John Chrysostom



Maximus Planudes



Cyril of Alexandria (?)

# One method, three case studies

Same system  
configurations  
for all models

Quality over  
quantity

No overlap  
between training  
& validation data

# General Workflow



Digitised Images



Diplomatic Transcription



Model Training (Transkribus)

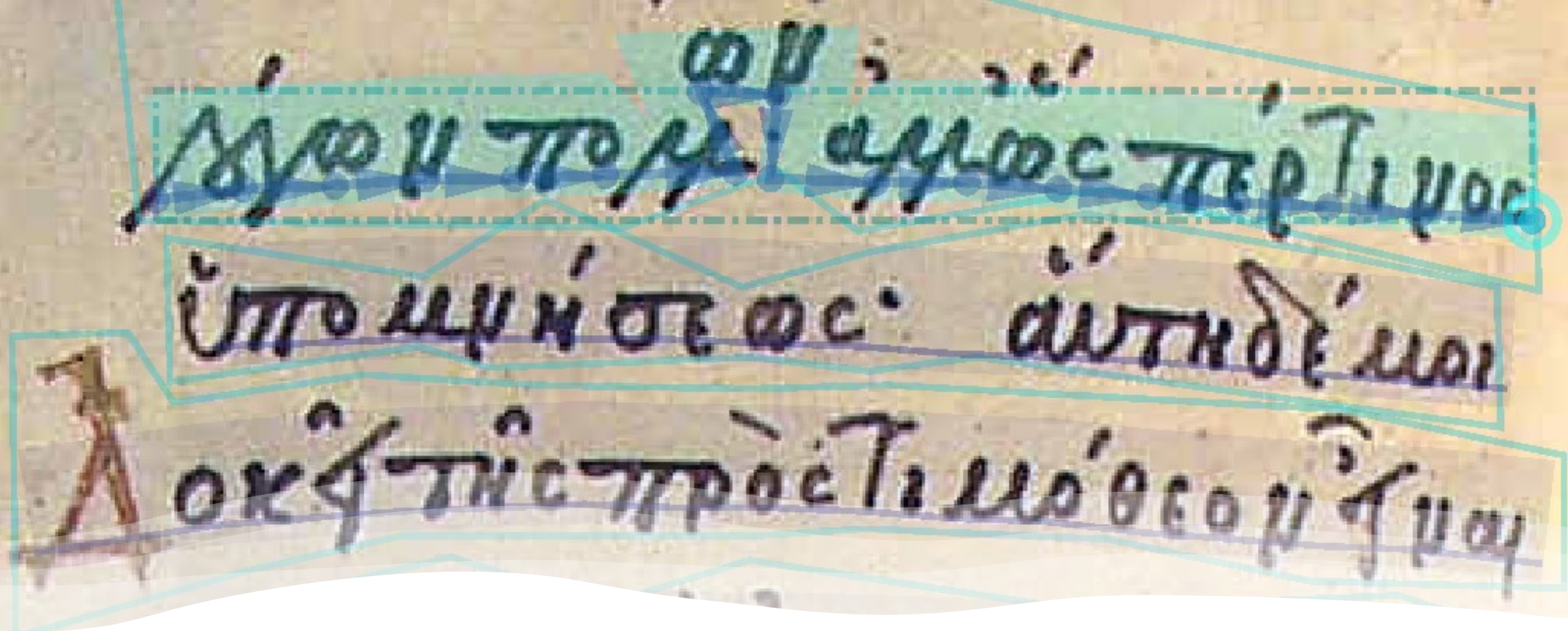


CER Evaluation



Fine-tuning





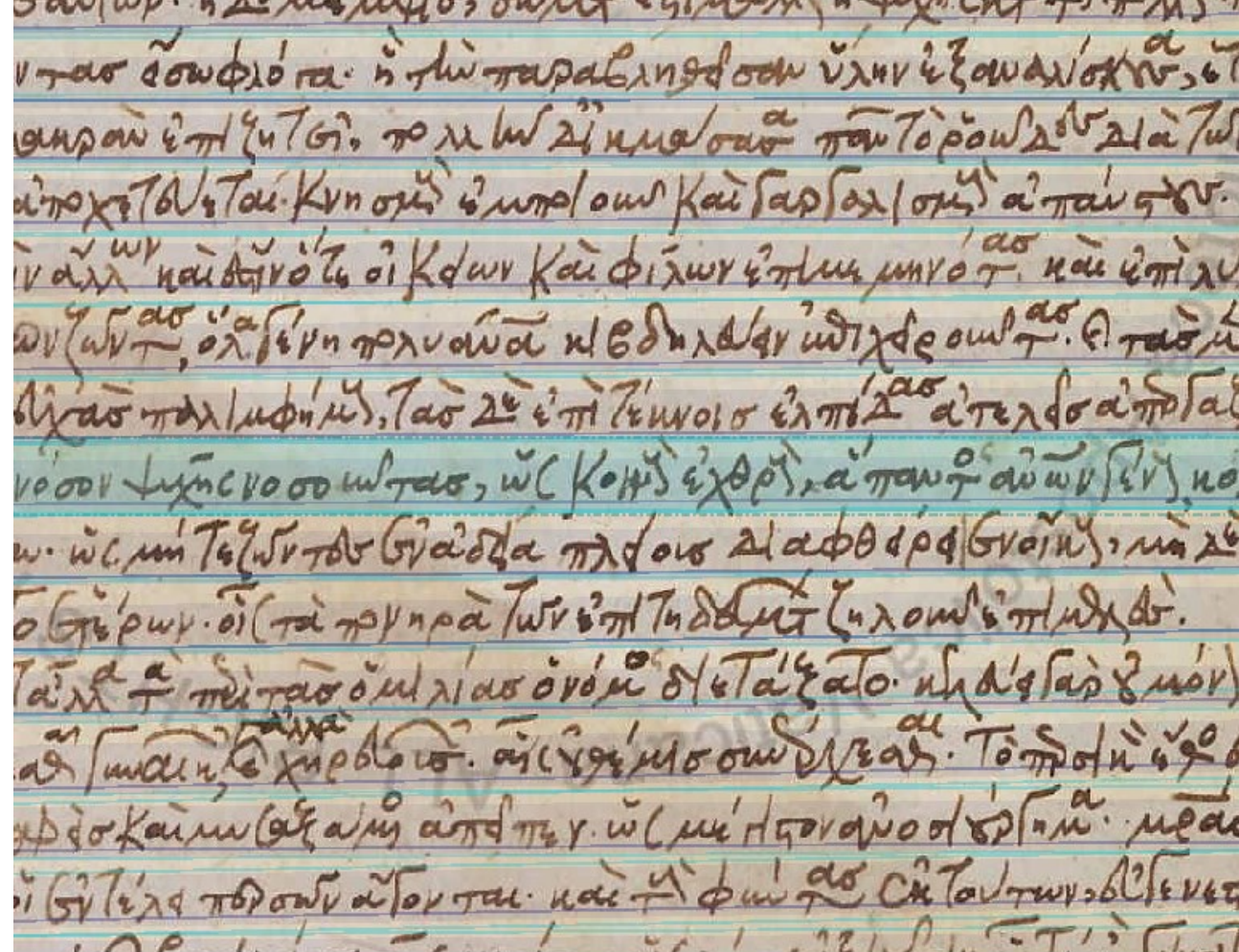
## Case Study I: Ioannes Chrysostomus – The Great Success

- 11 manuscripts (10th–14th c.), mixed image quality
- Total training input: **29,228 words**
- Diplomatic, consistent transcription (2 annotators)
- Layout fine-tuned (superscripts, hanging lines)
- Final model (*Chrysostomicus I*): **3.9% CER**



# Maximus Planudes – The hidden potential of correcting your errors

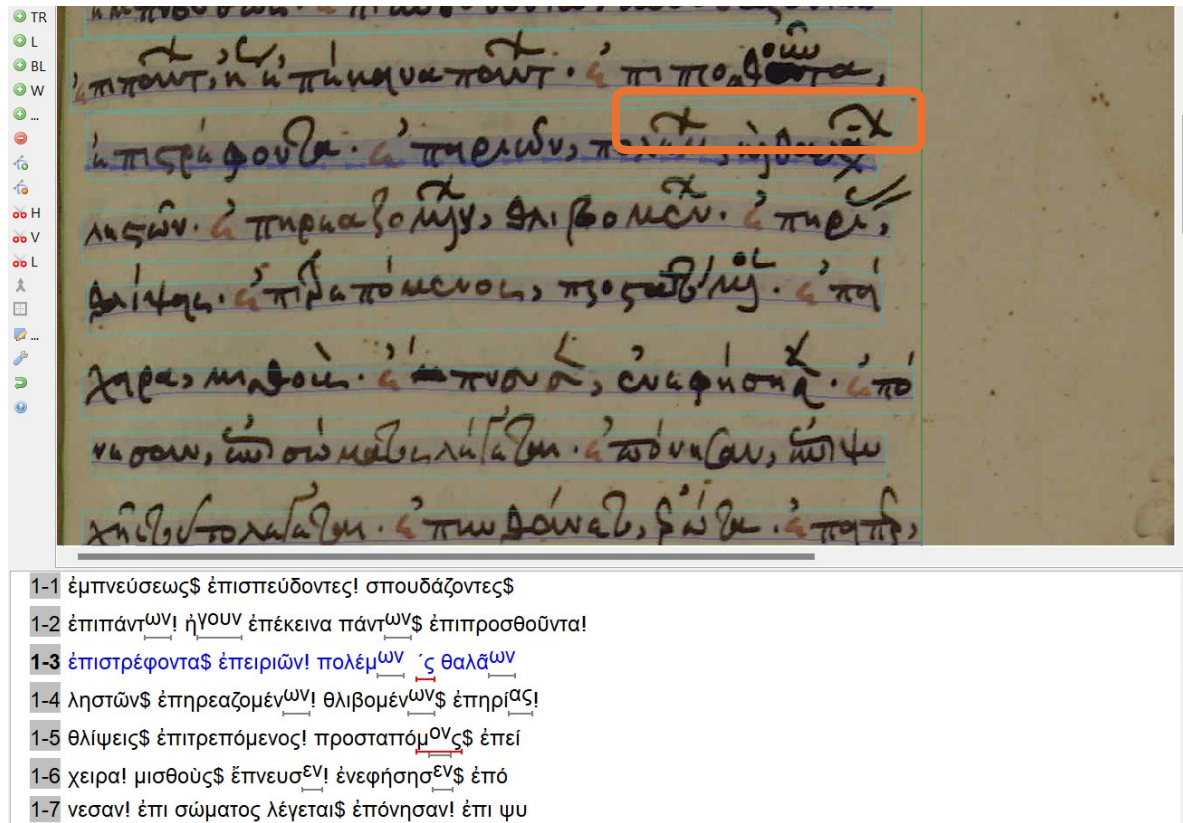
- 2 autograph manuscripts, 13th century
- 4 transcribers, 8,000 words, diplomatic transcription
- Initial model (one manuscript): 16% CER
- After corrections: 8.5% CER
- Combined model (both manuscripts): 8.9% CER (transfer learning)
- Main takeaway: transcription consistency > system tweaks



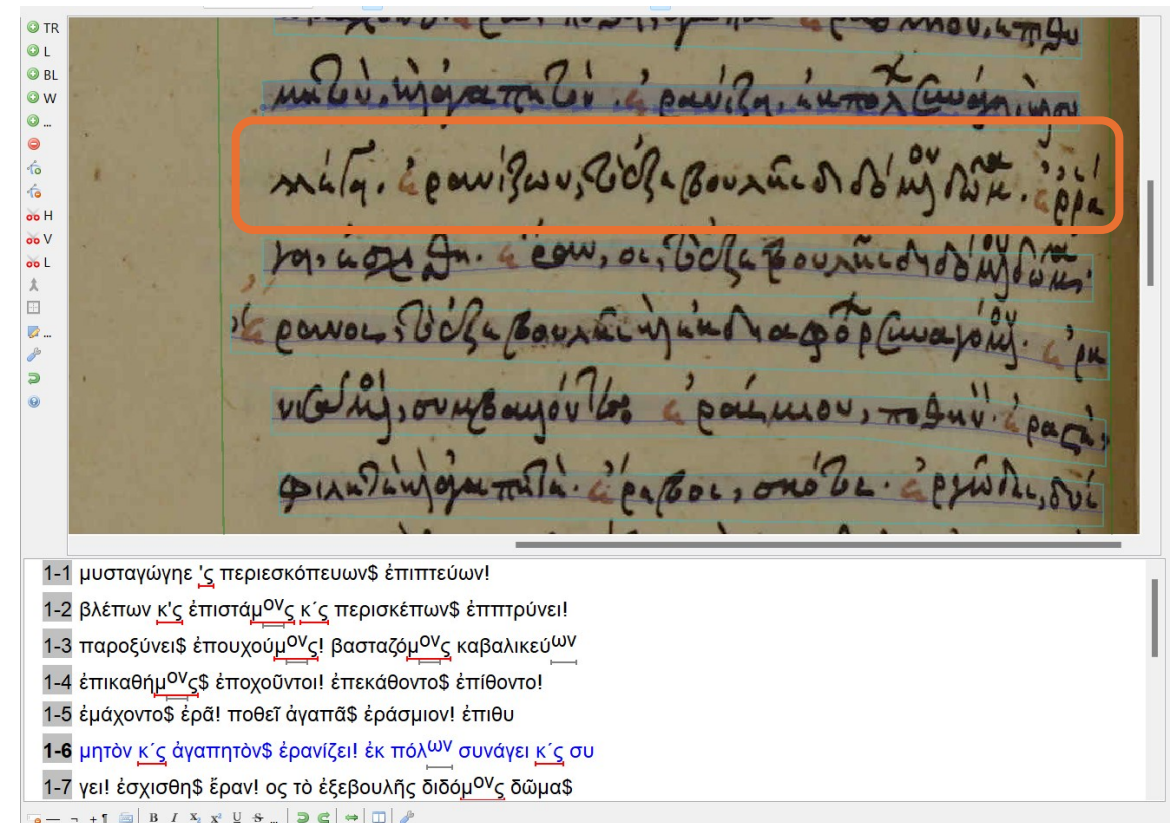
πιν ὅτε οἰκείων καὶ φίλων ἐπιμεμνηνότη<sup>ας</sup>, καὶ ἐπὶ λύμῃ τῶν  
ἰ γένη πολυάνᾱ κιβδηλεύειν ἐπιχειροῦντ<sup>ας</sup>. καὶ τὰς μ<sup>ε</sup> ἐπιγα  
ἡμ<sup>υ</sup>. τὰς δὲ ἐπὶ τέκνοις ἐλπίδ<sup>ας</sup> ἀτελεῖς ἀπεργαζομέν<sup>υ</sup>  
οσοῦντας, ὡς κοιν<sup>υ</sup> ἐχθρ<sup>υ</sup>, ἅπαντ<sup>ο</sup> ἀνῶν γέν<sup>υ</sup> κολαστέ<sup>λ</sup>  
τες ἐν ἀδείᾳ πλείους διαφθείρει ἐν οἴκ<sup>υ</sup> μὴ δὲ διδάσκαλ<sup>οι</sup>



# Cyril of Alexandria – The almost disaster

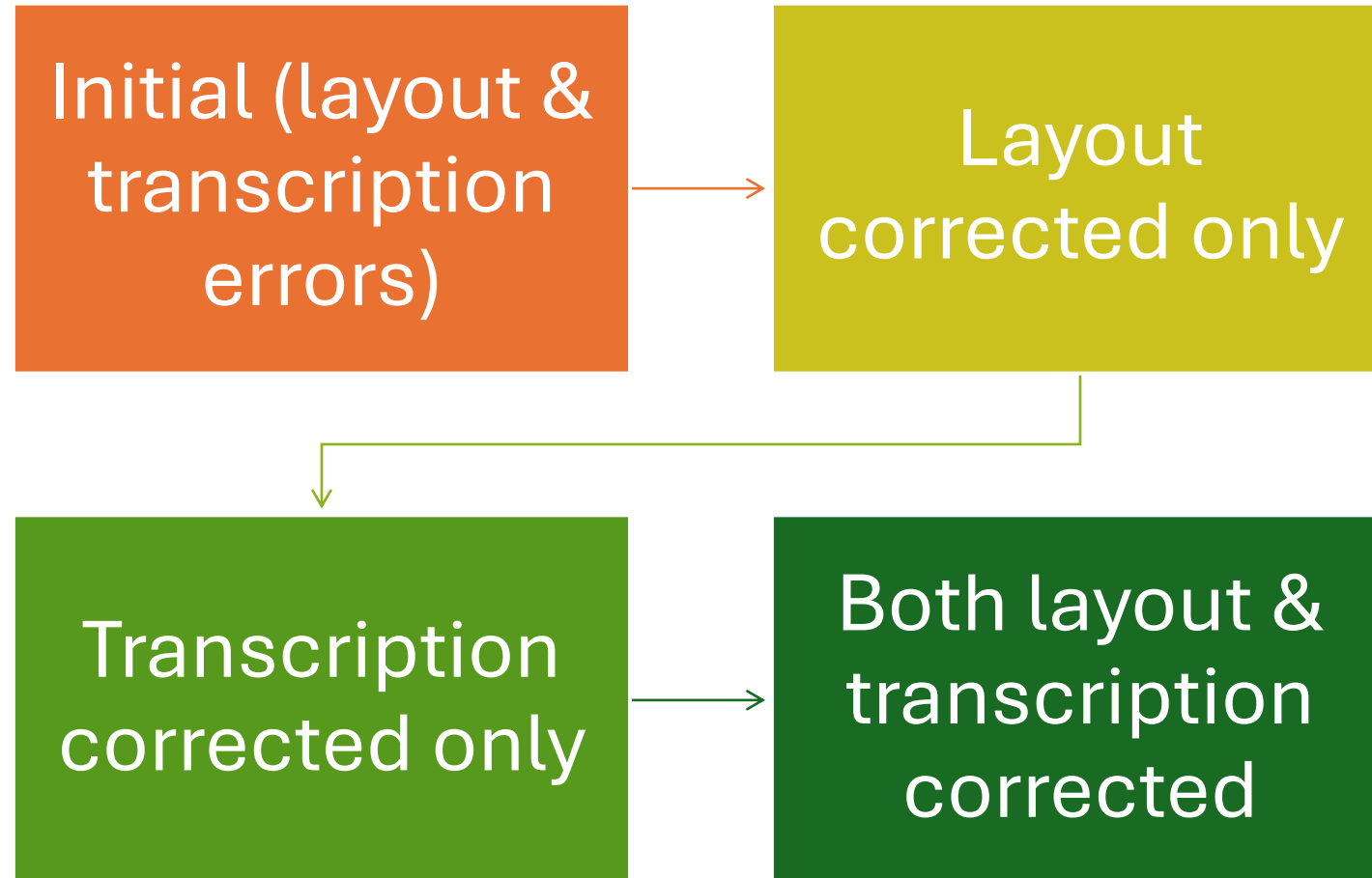


Superscripted abbreviations out of baseline



Missing line from layout recognition

# Targeting HTR errors: 4 different models



**Corrections applied only to:**

Xeropotamou 093

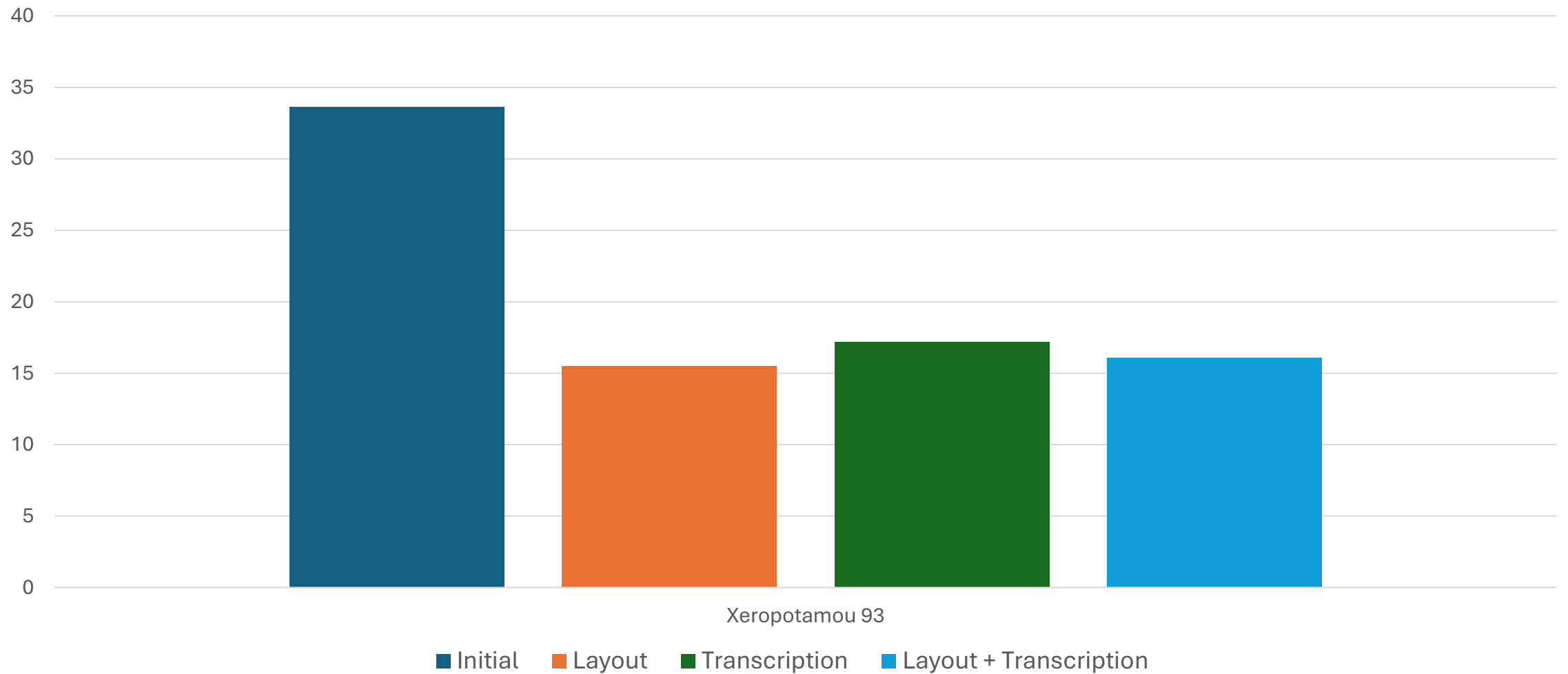
**Training set:** 8,000 words  
(10% validation)

**System settings fixed:**

max epochs=250, learning  
rate=0.0003, early stopping=20




# CER after corrections



# What it means

Minor corrections have large impact on performance



Layout correction yielded best CER drop



Transcription quality is equally critical



Correcting both offers most robust and stable model

# What we get from all of these

- HTR systems **depend heavily** on quality training data.
- Even clean digitisation **fails** if layout or transcription are inconsistent.
- **Quality & consistency** in annotation > quantity of data.
- Clear guidelines + supervision = **better performance**.
- The human factor is **as crucial** as technology.



# What needs to be done



Systematic  
layout spot-  
checks before  
training



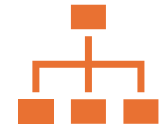
Peer-reviewed  
transcription  
tests & agreed  
conventions



Consistent  
abbreviation  
expansion  
(preferably in  
metadata)



Annotator  
training on  
guidelines &  
rationale



Ongoing  
communication  
& supervision

**All we have to decide is what  
to do with the time that is  
given us.**

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J.R.R. Tolkien, *The Fellowship of the Ring*